COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 – ZONE W-3 HACIENDA TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2017

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Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-3 Hacienda

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-3 Hacienda (CSA), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise CSA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the minimum audit requirements and reporting guidelines for California Special Districts required by the Office of the State Controller. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-3 Hacienda

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-3 Hacienda as of June 30, 2017 and the changes in financial position and cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

Prior year data has been included with the basic financial statements for comparative purposes only. The financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-3 Hacienda as of June 30, 2016, were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 28, 2016 expressed unmodified opinions on those statements.

Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone W-3 Hacienda

Required Supplementary Information

Eadie and Payne, LLP

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

November 22, 2017

Riverside, California

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 - ZONE W-3 HACIENDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2017

		For Comparative Purposes Only
	2017	2016
Assets	Enterprise Fund	Enterprise Fund
Current Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 221,711	\$ 199,116
Accounts receivable, net	34,406	28,621
Interest receivable	711	327
Taxes receivable	528	549
Special assessment receivable	150	361
Total Current Assets	257,506	228,974
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land	34,551	34,551
Improvements to land	480,124	483,644
Structures and improvements	254,244	254,244
Construction in progress	87,620	78,545
Accumulated depreciation	(349,477)	(331,565)
Total Noncurrent Assets	507,062	519,419
Total Assets	764,568	748,393
Deferred outflows of resources		
Pension	27,484	4,909
Liabilities		
Current:		
Accounts payable	5,943	-
Due to other funds	1,766	6,501
Long-term:	55.000	20.055
Net pension liability	55,698	39,055
Total Liabilities	63,407	45,556
Deferred inflows of resources		
Pension	12,516	13,665
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	507,062	519,419
Unrestricted	209,067	174,662
Total Net Position	\$ 716,129	\$ 694,081

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 - ZONE W-3 HACIENDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Comparative poses Only
		2017		2016
	Ente	rprise Fund	Ente	rprise Fund
Operating Revenues				
Water sales	\$	165,390	\$	132,352
Total Operating Revenues		165,390		132,352
Operating Expenses				
Professional services		82		-
Salaries and benefits		64,858		65,502
Services and supplies		87,493		100,951
Utilities		20,346		30,520
Other		5,051		5,155
Depreciation		21,432		21,432
Total Operating Expenses		199,262		223,560
Operating Loss		(33,872)		(91,208)
Nonoperating Revenues				
Investment earnings		1,033		1,845
Special assessments		15,672		6,411
Penalties		3,483		1,766
Other taxes		221		209
Property Taxes		24,344		20,896
Other		3,314		2,711
Total Nonoperating Revenue		48,067		33,838
Change in net position		14,195		(57,370)
Net position at beginning of year as previously reported		694,081		751,451
Prior-Period Adjustment		7,953		
Net assets at beginning of year as restated		702,034		
Net position at end of year	\$	716,229	\$	694,081

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICT COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 - ZONE W-3 HACIENDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Comparative rposes Only	
		2017		2016	
	Ente	erprise Fund	Enterprise Fund		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers	\$	159,605	\$	163,592	
Payments to suppliers		(111,764)		(212,362)	
Payments to employees		(63,986)		(62,814)	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(16,145)		(111,584)	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities					
Property taxes		24,365		20,831	
Special assessments		15,883		6,215	
Penalties		3,483		1,766	
Other taxes		221		209	
Other nonoperating revenue		3,314		2,711	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		47,266		31,732	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition of capital asset		(9,075)		(78,545)	
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(9,075)	-	(78,545)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Investment earnings		649		1,942	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		649		1,942	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		22,695		(156,455)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of the year		199,116		355,571	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of the year	\$	221,811	\$	199,116	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:					
Operating Loss	\$	(33,872)	\$	(91,208)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		21,432		21,432	
Change in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase)/Decrease in accounts receivable, net		(5,785)		31,240	
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable		5,943		(62,476)	
Increase/(Decrease) in due to other funds		(4,735)		(13,260)	
Increase/(Decrease) in net pension liability, net of deferred outflows and inflows		872		2,688	
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$	(16,145)	\$	(111,584)	

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No.70 – Zone W-3 Hacienda conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The County Service Area (CSA) No. 70, Zone W-3 Hacienda, was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on December 6, 1976 under Section 4700 of the State Health & Safety Code. It is located 10 miles north of Yucca Valley. It provides water services for 172 properties and maintains two wells, four booster stations and a 110,000 gallon reservoir.

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area No. 70 Zone W-3 Hacienda of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation

The CSA's financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation (continued)

The County has established a materiality level for recording year-end accruals. For Special Districts with appropriations of less than \$500,000, individual items of less than \$1,000 are not accrued at year end. For Special Districts with appropriations over \$500,000, individual items of less than \$5,000 are not accrued at year end.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements including the Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

No allowance for uncollectibles was recorded at June 30, 2014 based on management's expectation that all accounts receivable will be collected through the property tax roll.

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Property Taxes

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvement are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Structure and improvements	5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CSA's plan and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

Although the CSA prepares and adopts an annual budget, budgetary information is not presented because the CSA is not legally required to adopt a budget.

Note 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include balances of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the CSA's account based upon the CSA's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and investments are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2017. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment earnings* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment earnings* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The County's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, and fair value hierarchy disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 72. The County of San Bernardino's CAFR may be obtained from their website http://sbcounty.gov/ATC.

Note 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Business-type activities:

	В	eginning				Ending
		Balance	Additions	Deletions		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	34,551	\$ -	\$ -	\$	34,551
Construction in progress		78,545	9,075			87,620
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		113,096	9,075		_	122,171
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Improvements to land		483,644	-	(3,520)		480,124
Structures and improvements		254,244				254,244
Total capital assets, being depreciated		737,888		(3,520)	_	734,368
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements to land		(240,461)	(15,782)	3,520		(252,723)
Structures and improvements		(91,104)	(5,650)			(96,754)
Total accumulated depreciation		(331,565)	(21,432)	3,520		(349,477)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		406,323	(21,432)		_	384,891
Total capital assets, net	\$	519,419	\$ (12,357)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	507,062

Development in progress: As of June 30, 2017 contractual commitments for the development and improvement of capital projects were estimated at \$377,862.

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description. Employees of the CSA participate in the County of San Bernardino's (County) cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employee's Retirement Association (SBCERA). The Plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement (Board) under the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W. Hospitality Lane, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Benefits Provided. SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members, including the CSA's employees, are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular position, whose service is greater than fifty percent of the full standard of hours required are members of SBCERA, and are provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits for the General Tier 1 and General Tier 2 Plans are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General – Tier 1	General – Tier 2		
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 months	Highest 36		
		consecutive months		
Normal Retirement Age	Age 55	Age 55		
Early Retirement: Years of service	Age 70 any years	Age 70 any years		
required and/or eligible for	10 years age 50	5 years age 52		
required and/or engible for	30 years any age	N/A		
	2% per year of final	At age 67, 2.5% per		
Benefit percent per year of service	average	year of final average		
for normal retirement age	compensation for	compensation for		
lor normal retirement age	every year of service	every year of service		
	credit	credit		
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age	Reduced before age		
	55, increased after 55	67		
	up to age 65			
Final Average Compensation	Internal Revenue	Government Code		
Limitation	Code section	section 7522.10		
	401(a)(17)			

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Contributions. Participating employers and active members, including the CSA and the CSA's employees, are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code sections 31453.5 and 31454, for participating employers and Government Code sections 31621.6, 31639.25 and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly, based on an annual actuarial valuation, conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

Employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 ranged between 7.89% and 14.22% for Tier 1 General members and between 7.73% and 8.37% for Tier 2 General members.

Employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were 22.33% and 19.2% for Tier 1 and Tier 2, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions and Discount Rates

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of actuarial assumptions and discount rates for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense/Benefit, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the CSA reported a liability of \$55,698 which represents 0.74% of the County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability. The CSA's proportion was allocated based on FY 2017 total salaries and benefits relative to the total salaries and benefits of the County of San Bernardino Special Districts as a whole.

The County of San Bernardino Special District's proportionate share of the County's net pension liability was based on its contributions to the pension plan relative to the County's contributions for FY 2016 as a whole. The County's net pension liability was allocated by SBCERA based on the actual employer contributions in each cost group.

The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 based upon the results of an actuarial valuation as of the same date. Plan fiduciary net position and the total pension liability were valued as of the measurement dates.

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the CSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

1%	6 Decrease	C	urrent Discount	1%	Increase
	(6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)	((8.5%)
\$	93,039	\$	55,698	\$	24,756

Pension expenses recognized amounted to \$872 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the CSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources*	Deferred Inflows of Resources**		
\$ 27,484	\$ (12,516)		

- * Total deferred outflows includes change in assumptions, change in proportion and differences between share of contributions, and contributions after measurement date.
- * Total deferred inflows includes differences in expected and actual expense, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments,.

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from the CSA's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date of \$7,962, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	,	
	2018 \$	(404)
	2019	1,551
	2020	3,561
	2021	2,482
	2022	(198)
The	ereafter	12
	Total \$	7,005

Note 5: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$54 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$10 million excess of \$3.0 million self-insured retention with Security National Insurance Company (AM TRUST); Excess Liability coverage for \$4 million, excess of \$13 million with Evanston Insurance Company (Markel); and Excess Liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$17 million with National Casualty. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$25 million, excess of \$32 million. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program was restructured by joining CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority) Excess Workers' Compensation Program and purchasing a policy with a \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

Note 5: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claim made form basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 0.615% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their claims liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, at June 30, 2017.

Note 6: CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2017, in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.

Note 7: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 22, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the CSA.

Note 8: PRIOR-PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The net position as of the beginning of the year was adjusted to correct an error made in recording the pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2016. The deferred outflow of resources for pension contributions of \$7,953 made subsequent to the measurement date was not recognized. Had the error not been made, the change in net position would have decreased by \$7,953.